
FINDINGS and COMMENTS of Coroner Leigh Mackey
following the holding of an inquest under the
***Coroners Act 1995* into the death of:**

Brady James Hubbard

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Record of Investigation into Death (With Inquest)

Coroners Act 1995

Coroners Rules 2006

Rule 11

I, Leigh Mackey, Coroner, having investigated the death of Brady James Hubbard with an inquest held at Devonport in Tasmania make the following findings.

Hearing Dates

15, 16 and 17 July 2025.

Closing submissions were received from Counsel Assisting on 4 December 2025.

Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman were provided with the closing submissions made by Counsel Assisting and each were invited to make closing submissions. No submissions have been received from any of them.

Representation

Counsel Assisting the Coroner: A Hogan and C Lee.

Interested parties

Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman were identified during the investigation and prior to the inquest as persons about whom adverse comment might be made and are interested parties.

As interested parties, Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman are entitled to procedural fairness.¹ Each were invited to be provided with disclosure of the evidence received in the investigation, to be legally represented, to participate in the inquest and have any questions they had for witnesses at the inquest be put to those witnesses by Counsel Assisting. They declined and chose to remain unrepresented, did not seek to participate in the inquest, did not seek to remain at the inquest and hear the evidence given and did not seek to question any witness directly or through Counsel Assisting. By their choice, Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony

¹ *Annetts v McCann* (1990) 170 CLR 596; [1990] HCA 57; *Attorney-General v Copper Mines of Tasmania Pty Ltd* [2019] TASFC 4, paragraph [30].

Sharman were present at the inquest only when required by summons to attend to give evidence.

Introduction

1. Mr Brady James Hubbard was born on 11 August 2001 and was 21 years of age when he died. He is the eldest son of Ricky Hubbard and Rikki-Lee Hodgetts. He has a younger brother, Riley and sister Cheyenne. Before his death Mr Hubbard, and his siblings, lived at home with their parents in Wynyard.
2. Mr Hubbard was a fit and healthy young man. He had experienced recurrent right shoulder dislocations for which he had undergone elective right arthroscopic stability surgery (a Bankart repair) in 2020. He was a keen footballer.
3. Mr Hubbard completed years 11 and 12 of his education at Hellyer College and worked at Woolworths as a night fill and for Dan Scarf as a bricklayer's assistant up until his death. He was well liked and had a wide circle of friends. He started playing football as a 5-year-old playing Auskick at Wynyard. From 2020 or 2021 he played for the West Ulverstone Football Club (WUFC). He enjoyed the physical and social aspects of the sport. Whilst not a big drinker during the week, he drank, at times to excess at weekends particularly after a home football game. His preferred drink was Captain Morgan Rum. He was not known to use illicit drugs.
4. Mr Hubbard did not have a driver's licence and relied on public transport, his parents or friends to provide transport. His practice, when needing a lift, was to request a "desi"² from his friends through snapchat. He would pay the desi for the costs of transporting him to where he needed to go.

The investigation into Mr Hubbard's death

5. Mr Hubbard died on 28 June 2023 after attending hospital with a complaint of severe headache on 25 June 2023. The investigation into his death focused on the events at the WUFC on the evening of 24 June 2023 where he had played a game of football and socialised during the afternoon and early evening following the game.

² Designated driver.

6. Witnesses who gave evidence at the inquest were as follows (in order of appearance):
 - a. Clayton Hodgetts;
 - b. Hayden Thompson;
 - c. Nathan Murison;
 - d. Bianca Dykstra;
 - e. Kayla Wylie;
 - f. Jamie Collins;
 - g. Jason Wylie;
 - h. Tammy Banfield;
 - i. Kayden McCulloch-King;
 - j. Jesse French;
 - k. Rebecca Russell (Née Doyle);
 - l. Rikki-Lee Hodgetts;
 - m. Nicola Smith;
 - n. Karinda Brimfield;
 - o. Anthony Sharman;
 - p. Cameron Hilfenhaus;
 - q. Andrew Hilfenhaus;
 - r. Senior Constable Sven Mason; and
 - s. Dr Andrew Reid.
7. The exhibits tendered at the inquest are listed in Annexure A to these findings.

The role of the coroner

8. The jurisdiction, functions and powers of a coroner in Tasmania are governed by the *Coroners Act* 1995 (the Act). A coroner is a judicial officer. The Act, in broad terms, requires all deaths that have a connection to Tasmania, and which are unexpected, unnatural or violent, occurred during a medical procedure or a period of detention or at work, to be reported to a coroner. Upon receiving a report of such a death, a coroner is empowered to do certain things to investigate the death. The obligation to report these categories of deaths and the powers provided to a coroner to investigate and make findings regarding them underpins the important public interest role performed by a coroner of exposing the causes of such deaths and to utilise what can be learned from them to enhance public safety.
9. The death of Mr Hubbard was a reportable death.³ His death was unexpected, unnatural and appeared to have resulted directly from an accident or injury. As such I have jurisdiction to investigate his death.⁴ An inquest may be held as part of the investigation if I consider it desirable.⁵ Mr Hubbard died from a traumatic brain injury causing swelling of his brain and herniation of the uncus⁶ and cerebellar tonsils.⁷ There are conflicting accounts concerning how Mr Hubbard suffered the traumatic injury to his brain which resulted in his death. As a result I found it desirable to hold an inquest as part of the investigation into his death.
10. An inquest is an inquisitorial proceeding and not a proceeding between parties.⁸ Coroners are not bound by the rules of evidence at inquest and may be informed in any manner they think fit.⁹ The breadth of the inquisitorial power given to a coroner during inquest is to enable the coroner to “...do everything possible to determine the cause and circumstances of the death” and “...oblige the Coroner to take an expansive or inclusive approach...”.¹⁰ As described by Coroner Cooper:

³ Section 3 of the *Coroners Act* 1995 (the Act).

⁴ Section 21 of the Act.

⁵ Section 24(2) of the Act.

⁶ The uncus is a hook-shaped structure located at the front midline part of the parahippocampal gyrus in the brain's temporal lobe. It is part of the limbic system and can herniate due to high intracranial pressure.

⁷ The cerebellar tonsils are rounded lobules located on the lower surface of the cerebellum.

⁸ *Attorney-General v Copper Mines of Tasmania Pty Ltd* [2019] TASFC 4, paragraph [21].

⁹ Section 51 of the Act.

¹⁰ *Priest v West* [2012] VSCA 327; (2012) 40 VR 521, paragraphs [5]-[6].

“When conducting an inquest, a coroner performs a role different to other judicial officers. The coroner’s role is inquisitorial. An inquest might be best described as a quest for the truth, rather than a contest between parties to either prove or disprove a case”.¹¹

11. The task of a coroner following an investigation into a reportable death is to, where possible, answer those matters called for in section 28 of the Act, including ascertaining the identity of the deceased, how death occurred, the cause of death, when and where the death occurred and make recommendations arising from the death where appropriate. It is not the role of the coroner to apportion blame, charge persons with a crime, impose punishment or award compensation in respect of the death.
12. When making a finding of fact a coroner is required to be satisfied of the existence of that fact on the balance of probabilities. As held by Dixon J:

“...the truth is that, when the law requires the proof of any fact, the tribunal must feel an actual persuasion of its occurrence or existence before it can be found. It cannot be found as a result of a mere mechanical comparison of probabilities independently of any belief in its reality”.¹²

The degree to which a coroner must be persuaded to find the existence of a fact will vary depending on matters including the nature of what is alleged, the inherent unlikelihood of what is alleged and the consequences that would flow from the finding of fact.¹³ This formulation of the standard of proof has become known as the Briginshaw principle.

The scope of the inquest

13. The scope of the inquest is to ascertain the circumstances leading to Mr Hubbard’s death to enable findings to be made, if possible, under section 28 of the Act.

¹¹ *Marshall, Benjamin Laurence* [2025] TASCDC 418; [2025] TasCorC 49 (22 August 2025).

¹² *Briginshaw v Briginshaw* (1938) 60 CLR 336, at page 162 per Dixon J.

¹³ *Briginshaw v Briginshaw* (1938) 60 CLR 336.

West Ulverstone Football Club (WUFC)

14. WUFC is located at 49 Amy Street West Ulverstone. Its clubroom, changerooms and football oval are accessible by vehicle along a long internal driveway accessed from Amy Street. The driveway is constructed of bitumen, bordered by grass, is approximately 150 m long from its entry to its terminus at the WUFC clubroom and was, as of 24 June 2023, in good condition. The clubroom is surrounded by an apron of concrete connecting to the driveway which provides parking for some vehicles. A gate crosses the driveway 68.8 m down from the Amy Street entry and was open on the evening of 24 June 2023. A ticket box, a small iron shed construction, was located on the side of the driveway a further 77.8 m from the gate toward the clubroom. A large, grassed area was behind the ticket box.
15. On 24 June 2023 tables and chairs were arrayed inside and around the internal perimeter of the clubroom with a pool table and one long table with chairs located in the centre of the room and a bar and kitchen at one end. The area was covered by closed circuit television. Footage from the closed-circuit television (CCTV) for 24 June 2023 was an exhibit at the inquest.

The game

16. Mr Hubbard was a member of WUFC and played in its senior team. On Saturday 24 June 2023 the senior team played Wesley Vale. The game finished at approximately 4.30pm. Kayla Wylie was the match manager and recalls Mr Hubbard did not come off the ground during the game for any reason nor did he sustain any injury, knock to his head or suffer concussion and “*played really well*”.¹⁴ Jamie Collins played on the backline for WUFC throughout the game alongside Mr Hubbard. He recalls that Mr Hubbard did not go off the ground at all during the game nor did he experience a knock to the head.¹⁵ Nathan Murison was the bench coach for the game. He did not notice any issues with Mr Hubbard during the game. He did not observe him hitting his head nor be hit in the head by another player during the game.

¹⁴ Exhibit C17 – Affidavit of Kayla Wylie sworn 3 July 2023 page 1.

¹⁵ Exhibit C19 – Affidavit of Jamie Collins sworn 3 July 2023 page 1.

Andrew Hilfenhaus

17. Andrew Hilfenhaus resided on 24 June 2023 at a unit in West Ulverstone. The unit is located near the top of and backs onto the driveway to WUFC. He was one of three coaches of the senior WUFC team. He is the father of Cameron Hilfenhaus.
18. As of 24 June 2023, Andrew Hilfenhaus held a licence to drive with a zero-blood alcohol condition. He had prior convictions for driving a motor vehicle whilst a prescribed illicit drug and/or excessive alcohol was present in his system resulting in past periods of disqualification from driving, imposition of a Drug Treatment Order and custodial sentences.
19. Andrew Hilfenhaus owned a white 1997 Mazda B2600 four door utility vehicle with a canopy fitted on its rear tray (ute). A rail used to tie ropes to secure items inside the tray, in the absence of the canopy, ran along both sides of the ute. The ute was not fitted with railings on top of the canopy. The top surface of the canopy was smooth and had six wide rectangular indentations running for part of its length.¹⁶ The indentations did not provide a handhold for a person riding on the back of the ute.
20. A bumper extended out from the rear of the ute at a height of 630 mm from the ground on either side of the number plate and tow bar and dropped down to 435 mm from the ground under the number plate and over the tow bar. In effect the bumper provided a step either side of the towbar and registration plate and one below. The step on each side measured 530 mm long and 115 mm deep and below the tow bar at 570 mm long and 105 mm deep. An average man standing to the rear of the ute could not comfortably position both feet on the side step and needed to lean down and to one side to reach and hold the rail along the side of the ute with one hand. There were no hand holds at the top or rear of the canopy.
21. Following Mr Hubbard's death the ute was examined and found to have defects affecting its roadworthiness. Those defects were not relevant to the circumstances in which it was being driven on 24 June 2023 and Mr Hubbard's death.

¹⁶ Exhibit C39B – Photographs taken by Constable Robert Oberrauter.

Cameron Hilfenhaus

22. Cameron Hilfenhaus is the son of Andrew Hilfenhaus. He was a playing coach of the senior team for WUFC. He played in the senior game on 24 June 2023 against Wesley Vale.
23. Cameron Hilfenhaus gave evidence at the inquest that he was Mr Hubbard's friend.

Anthony Sharman

24. Anthony Sharman was the senior football trainer at the WUFC on 24 June 2023 and held a level 2 certificate in first aid. As a football trainer his game day duties included the strapping and rub down of players and testing players who suffered head knocks during games for concussion. He was aware that if a player sustained a knock to the head and failed a concussion test, they were no longer able to participate in football by playing or training for a period. Anthony Sharman's evidence was that he would recommend a concussed player be assessed by a medical practitioner.¹⁷

The circumstances of Mr Hubbard's death

25. At approximately 7.30am on 24 June 2023 Mr Hubbard told his family that he was off to "footy"¹⁸ as he left home to play for WUFC in their home game against Wesley Vale. He caught a bus from Wynyard to Ulverstone and arrived at the WUFC grounds late in the morning.
26. He played what was, by all accounts, a good game of football for his losing side. After the game finished players shared a carton of beer in the changeroom before joining others in the clubroom for post-match prize presentations, drinks and food. Mr Hubbard was awarded a prize for best on ground by Nathan Murison. When presenting Mr Hubbard with his prize Nathan did not detect any signs that Mr Hubbard was injured or was in any way different to his usual self.¹⁹ Mr Hubbard rang Rikki-Lee at 5.55pm and told her of his win.

¹⁷ Exhibit C47B – Police Record of Interview Anthony Sharman: Transcript page 18.

¹⁸ Exhibit C18A – Affidavit of Rikki-Lee Hodgetts sworn 6 July 2023 page 2.

¹⁹ Exhibit C16 – Statutory declaration of Nathan Murison declared 27 June 2023 page 1.

27. CCTV captured and recorded the movements of Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus, Anthony Sharman and Mr Hubbard in the clubroom over the evening of 24 June 2023.²⁰ Mr Hubbard entered and remained in the clubroom between 5.12pm to 7.18pm. He drank, ate and socialised with others who were present. Witnesses describe him as being his usual self over this time. His movements on CCTV appear unhindered and whilst he drank alcohol he did not appear intoxicated to others or on CCTV.
28. A game of Calcutta commenced at the pool table and at 7.18pm Cameron Hilfenhaus, followed shortly after by Mr Hubbard and Andrew Hilfenhaus, left the clubroom. The evidence of Cameron and Andrew Hilfenhaus given at the inquest was that they left the clubroom to retrieve Cameron Hilfenhaus' pool cue from Andrew Hilfenhaus' unit. Whilst the evidence they gave at the inquest was generally unsatisfactory for the reasons outlined later in these findings, I accept this evidence as it is not self-serving and is corroborated by CCTV showing Cameron Hilfenhaus returning to and entering the clubroom 10 minutes later in possession of his pool cue.
29. Cameron Hilfenhaus initially returned to the clubroom, but remained outside, at 7.23pm, five minutes after he left, and banged on the window catching the attention of Anthony Sharman who was inside. In response Anthony Sharman left the clubroom, joined Cameron Hilfenhaus and can be seen walking away with him.²¹ Five minutes later, at 7.28pm, Mr Hubbard returned to the clubroom with Cameron Hilfenhaus then holding a case containing his pool cue. Mr Hubbard walked slowly in the direction of the toilets. Anthony Sharman re-entered the clubroom at 7.29pm and Andrew Hilfenhaus at 7.30pm. Cameron Hilfenhaus walked to the toilet area at 7.33pm, returned with Mr Hubbard at 7.34pm and walked Mr Hubbard to a table in a corner where Mr Hubbard remained sitting on his own. He was joined briefly by Andrew Hilfenhaus at 7.35pm, who sat beside him, talked to him and rubbed his back. For most of the time that Mr Hubbard remains at the clubroom and stays at the table sitting with his head in his hands or laying his head on his arms, he appears to be in poor condition and materially different to how he acted and moved prior to leaving the clubroom at 7.18pm. At 7.54pm Anthony Sharman returned to Mr Hubbard,

²⁰ Exhibit C43D – CCTV footage 7.00pm-8.00pm.

²¹ Exhibit C43D – CCTV footage 7.00pm-8.00pm.

checked his eyes and talked to him. Mr Hubbard remained sitting with his head in his hands. At 8.34pm Mr Hubbard stands and leaves. He is walked out by Cameron Hilfenhaus and shakes the hand of Andrew Hilfenhaus as he departs.

30. At 7.45pm Mr Hubbard sent Nicola Smith, a close friend, a Snapchat in which he tells her that he was in the clubroom, his head "*was fucked*", and asked if she could give him a lift home.²² She was unavailable. At approximately 8.30pm he sent a message via Snapchat to Sarah Ralph and Jamaya Porteous. Both were his friends and had, previously, driven him as a "desi". They picked Mr Hubbard up from WUFC at approximately 9.00pm. On arriving and whilst they waited in their car they were approached by Karinda Brimfield who asked them to keep an eye on Mr Hubbard. Sarah describes Mr Hubbard during this journey as not his "*normal self*".²³ On multiple occasions they offered to take him to hospital, but he refused.
31. Mr Hubbard arrived home at approximately 10.00pm. Ricky and Rikki-Lee were both sitting on the couch watching a movie in the dark. They had only a brief interaction with him as he made his way to his room to go to bed. Mr Hubbard did and said nothing that caused either of his parents to be concerned. He made no mention of having a headache or of having hit his head. Mr Hubbard wasn't seen again by Rikki-Lee until approximately 2.00pm the following day when he came into the kitchen, holding his head and crying. He told Rikki-Lee that he had a headache. She gave him Nurofen and he laid down but said the headache was getting worse. He was rostered to work at Woolworths at 5.00pm that day. Rikki-Lee suggested he not go to work however he decided he would, and she dropped him off at his workplace just before 5.00pm. Mr Hubbard rang Rikki-Lee to come and pick him up from Woolworths within the hour. When she picked him up she decided to take him to the North West Regional Hospital (NWRH).
32. Mr Hubbard presented at the emergency department of the NWRH and was seen at 9.00pm on 25 June 2023. He complained of a generalised headache, gradually increasing in severity, with onset that afternoon and worse with bright lights. He scored his pain as 7 out of 10. On direct questioning he denied any history of head trauma but advised he had played football the previous day. He was kept at the emergency department of the NWRH for observation. His

²² Exhibit C10A – Affidavit of Nicola Smith sworn 29 June 2023 page 1.

²³ Exhibit C27 – Affidavit of Sarah Ralph sworn 30 June 2023 page 2.

condition materially deteriorated with the onset of confusion, disorientation and seizures. Mr Hubbard was intubated, and a CT scan was taken which revealed a left subarachnoid bleed and fracture at the base of his skull. He was transferred by air to the Royal Hobart Hospital (RHH), arriving at 8.00am on 26 June 2023. At the RHH he underwent a left sided craniectomy and the insertion of an intracranial pressure monitor and was admitted to the intensive care unit. Mr Hubbard's condition did not improve; he was declared brain dead on 28 June 2023 and his life support turned off that day.

33. Mr Hubbard's medical care was responsive and appropriate to his presentation, condition and needs.

Mr Hubbard's return to the clubroom

34. Mr Hubbard was his usual self when he left home on game day morning, during the game and shortly after when he was presented with his best player award. Before leaving the clubrooms with Cameron and Andrew Hilfenhaus at 7.18pm, he socialised, drank, ate and moved normally.
35. When he returned to the clubrooms eight minutes later he walks slowly and somewhat unsteadily, isolates at a table, sits slumped holding his head in his hands or on his arms.²⁴ The change in his movement and behaviour is sudden and stark and is, I find, not explicable by his alcohol intake given its nature, suddenness and degree and the evidence of witnesses that he was not affected by alcohol. Witnesses recall him as returning to the clubrooms significantly different than when he had left and significantly different to his usual character and behaviour. Witnesses refer to his pallor and quietness.
36. The changes evident in Mr Hubbard seen on CCTV and described by witnesses are consistent with him suffering symptoms from a head trauma in the eight minutes he was absent the clubrooms and in the company of Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus. Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus concede that during this interval Mr Hubbard fell in their presence on the driveway at WUFC.

²⁴ Exhibit C16 – Statutory declaration of Nathan Murison declared 27 June 2023 page 1.

The cause of Mr Hubbard's death

37. Mr Hubbard underwent post-mortem examination by Dr Andrew Reid, State Forensic Pathologist, that examination consisted of an external examination, review of medical records, photographs and ante-mortem imaging. Following his examination Dr Reid concluded that Mr Hubbard had suffered a traumatic brain injury with subdural haematoma, haemorrhagic contusions and skull fractures causing cerebral oedema and cerebral temporal lobe uncal and cerebellar tonsillar herniation resulting in his death.²⁵ I accept Dr Reid's opinion regarding the cause of Mr Hubbard's death.
38. In his opinion it was unusual but not impossible for there to be a 24-hour delayed presentation to hospital following the suffering of a traumatic brain injury such as that suffered by Mr Hubbard. However, Mr Hubbard would have experienced a loss of consciousness, even if momentary, confusion, and pain immediately after he fell. Evidence given at the inquest by Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman confirms that Mr Hubbard likely did experience a brief period of unconsciousness when he fell and that he experienced pain, and some confusion. Their concern regarding his condition was to the extent that they called on Anthony Sharman, the trainer, due to his medical experience, to look at him. Each of them claimed that they suggested that Mr Hubbard go to the hospital or that an ambulance be called but he had refused. Whilst other witnesses gave similar evidence of suggesting he attend hospital I do not accept the evidence of Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman in this respect. I find that the actions of each of them and the varying and inconsistent versions of events they told, discussed later in these findings, were likely motivated by a desire to obfuscate what had happened to Mr Hubbard and their role in it. This objective would be compromised were he to access medical attention.
39. The skull fractures were to the left side of Mr Hubbard's head and over the ear and were not, in the opinion of Dr Reid, consistent with a fall backwards but rather with a fall sideways with primary impact to the left side of the head. In his opinion the mechanism of the injury could have been a fall from standing onto grass or concrete or a fall from the back of the ute onto grass or concrete noting that

²⁵ Exhibit C5A – Post-mortem of Dr Andrew Reid dated 16 October 2023.

forensic pathologists “...sometimes see fractures which seem out of proportion to the witnessed trauma, and nevertheless skull fractures are sustained”.²⁶

How did Mr Hubbard sustain a traumatic head injury?

40. From the time of Mr Hubbard’s death several accounts regarding how he suffered trauma to his head emerged. These accounts emanated primarily from Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman. Each of them dispute much of the evidence given by witnesses as to what they had said had befallen Mr Hubbard.
41. These versions included that Mr Hubbard had fallen whilst walking along the grass strip adjacent to the driveway with Cameron Hilfenhaus,²⁷ that he had jumped from the back of the ute and fallen in the same area, that he had fallen in the grass near the ticket box, that he had suffered a strike to the head during the football game, that he had been wrestling and fell on wet grass between the WUFC interchange bench and interchange box hitting his head on concrete,²⁸ that he had been assaulted at a bar, and that he had slipped and fallen from the back of the ute.²⁹
42. On 26 June 2023 Cameron Hilfenhaus called Nathan Murison. In the course of the call he told Mr Murison that Mr Hubbard had been with him on the back of the ute when “[Mr Hubbard] slipped and fell or fell and slipped from the ute and hit his head on the concrete driveway....don’t tell anyone not even Karinda....I [Cameron Hilfenhaus] feel like it is my/our fault”.³⁰ Karinda is a reference to Karinda Brimfield, Nathan Murison’s partner.
43. Anthony Sharman posted to the 2023 WUFC players page “just so everyone know(sic) [Mr Hubbard] fell over saturday night and hit his head one(sic) the concrete and fractured his skull and ended up with a brain bleed know(sic) he is on life support”.³¹ At a candlelight vigil held at WUFC for Mr Hubbard on the

²⁶ Inquest Transcript page 275 lines 30-35.

²⁷ Inquest Transcript page 222.

²⁸ Exhibit C10A – Affidavit of Nicola Smith sworn 29 June 2023 page 3.

²⁹ Exhibit C16 – Statutory declaration of Nathan Murison declared 27 June 2023 page 2 and Inquest Transcript page 38-49.

³⁰ Exhibit C16 – Statutory declaration of Nathan Murison declared 27 June 2023 page 2; see Inquest Transcript pages 36-37.

³¹ Exhibit C16 – Statutory declaration of Nathan Murison sworn 27 June 2023 page 3 and Exhibit C16A – Screenshots from group chat.

evening of 28 June 2023 Andrew Hilfenhaus is recorded on CCTV footage at the clubroom bar saying:

*“...they jumped on the back step. I drove down me driveway, drove through the nature strip, stopped, they jumped off... I’m pretty sure Hubbard said give it to her, when I’m going along the nature strip... I drove around that sign, stopped in the middle of the road, they jumped off... I went onto the grass... The marks are there mate... I don’t go on the road... they said [I] went out onto the road, went up over the kerb, he fell off and hit his head – I said no....”*³²

On the same night he and Anthony Sharman spoke to Nicola Smith in the changeroom and told her that Mr Hubbard had been injured in the game, injured wrestling and had slipped and fallen backward hitting his head. She expressed her disbelief at each of the versions given to her by them.³³ She describes Andrew Hilfenhaus as heightened and concerned about his ute being taken by the police and the possibility of being charged with manslaughter and returning to jail. She recalled that the final version given by Andrew Hilfenhaus was that Mr Hubbard had fallen from the back of the ute. He had been driving slowly and in first gear.³⁴

44. Andrew Hilfenhaus was being supervised at this time under a Drug Treatment Order by Rebecca Russell (Née Doyle), an employee of Community Corrections. He attended for a case management appointment with Ms Russell on 4 July 2023 and told her that Mr Hubbard and his son had jumped onto the back of his ute, he told them both to get off and a short time later Mr Hubbard had been found lying on the road and *“...everyone suspected he slipped on grass or road and hit his head on road”*.³⁵ Andrew Hilfenhaus said Mr Hubbard was *“fine, didn’t have any injuries”*.³⁶ Andrew Hilfenhaus also said Mr Hubbard was taken by two girls to Greens Hotel in Burnie and thinks he was *“bashed”* there.³⁷
45. Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus were separately and formally interviewed by Tasmania Police under caution on 28 June 2023 in respect of the circumstances

³² Exhibit C43F – CCTV footage from bar with audio 28 June 2023.

³³ Inquest Transcript page 166 -7.

³⁴ Inquest Transcript page 172 lines 15-31.

³⁵ Exhibit C31 – Affidavit of Rebecca Doyle sworn 28 August 2023 page 1.

³⁶ Exhibit C31 – Affidavit of Rebecca Doyle sworn 28 August 2023 page 1.

³⁷ Exhibit C31 – Affidavit of Rebecca Doyle sworn 28 August 2023 page 1.

of Mr Hubbard's head injury. During his interview Andrew Hilfenhaus told investigating police that Cameron Hilfenhaus and Mr Hubbard jumped on the back of the ute, he drove the ute along the grass to the side of the driveway then stopped and they jumped off. Mr Hubbard told him to "*give it to her*".³⁸ He drove down the grass strip beside the driveway and did a skid to spray them with dirt. Cameron told him that Mr Hubbard had slipped over. Whilst he admitted that Mr Hubbard had been on the back of his ute whilst he was driving and that he had driven the ute in such a manner to create a skid mark to spray Mr Hubbard and Cameron Hilfenhaus with dirt he asserted that Mr Hubbard had got off the back of the vehicle prior to that occurring.

46. When he was formally interviewed by Tasmania Police Cameron Hilfenhaus said he and Mr Hubbard hopped onto the back of the ute and rode part way down the driveway toward the clubroom. They then both jumped off the back and began walking. Andrew Hilfenhaus then used the ute to spray them with dirt, they kept walking and when they got to the ticket box Mr Hubbard slipped on the grass and hit his head on the concrete. This version was, except for who made the decision to jump off and the location where Mr Hubbard fell, largely consistent with that given by Andrew Hilfenhaus to police.
47. Anthony Sharman was formally interviewed by Tasmania Police on 30 June 2023 under caution. He stated that Cameron Hilfenhaus had asked for his help and told him that Mr Hubbard had hit his head. He went with Cameron Hilfenhaus in the ute to the gate near the end of the driveway. Mr Hubbard was laying on the ground conscious. He did a concussion test and didn't notice any major injuries beyond him complaining of a headache and they helped him back to the clubroom. When asked whether he knew what had happened to Mr Hubbard he said he "*was walkin' along and he slipped over and fell backwards and hit his head, as far as [he] knew*".³⁹

The evidence of Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman at inquest

48. During the inquest, Cameron Hilfenhaus gave evidence that he and Mr Hubbard had driven up to the unit on the back of the ute and then had taken the same

³⁸ Exhibit C45B – Police Record of Interview Andrew Hilfenhaus: Transcript page 16.

³⁹ Exhibit C47B – Police Record of Interview Anthony Sharman: Transcript page 11.

route back from the unit to the clubrooms along the grass strip at the side of the driveway. Mr Hubbard jumped off the back of the ute whilst he remained on it and his father “... *tried to cover us in dirt*”.⁴⁰ He was on the driver’s side and Mr Hubbard on the passenger side whilst riding on the back of the ute. Mr Hubbard either slipped or jumped from the ute and it was during this movement that he fell and injured himself. He said that he remained on the back of the ute for an additional five seconds before jumping off and that’s when he realised Mr Hubbard was on the ground. He agreed that he was concerned regarding his father’s legal risk. He conceded that he did not see Mr Hubbard come off the back of the ute and that it was possible that he came off the ute when “*dad was doing that skid mark*” but believed he was off when the skid mark was made.⁴¹

49. Andrew Hilfenhaus maintained at the inquest that Cameron Hilfenhaus and Mr Hubbard had both jumped off the back of the ute and started walking back to the clubroom before he drove around the corner from Amy Street onto the driveway. He drove onto the grass strip to the side of the driveway and tried to “*shower them with a (sic) of mud*”.⁴² When it was put to him that Mr Hubbard was still on the back of the ute when he did the skid and came off the ute at that point Andrew Hilfenhaus responded that he didn’t know if he was on the back or not “...*He could have been, he could not have been. I don’t know. As far as I know they were – I’ve jumped off*”.⁴³
50. Anthony Sharman’s evidence at the inquest was that he had asked Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus what had happened to Mr Hubbard and he had never got any real answer other than that Andrew Hilfenhaus “fish-tailed” the ute on the way back to the clubroom from his unit, and that the head injury occurred while Mr Hubbard was on the driveway at the WUFC.⁴⁴ He agreed that to the best of his knowledge that at the time of Mr Hubbard’s injury or, at the very least, moments before, Mr Hubbard had been standing on the back of Andrew Hilfenhaus’ ute while Andrew Hilfenhaus was driving.⁴⁵

⁴⁰ Inquest Transcript page 214 line 7.

⁴¹ Inquest Transcript page 216.

⁴² Inquest Transcript page 234 lines 22-23.

⁴³ Inquest Transcript page 253 lines 23-27.

⁴⁴ Inquest Transcript page 198.

⁴⁵ Inquest Transcript page 200.

51. Andrew Hilfenhaus was concerned he would be charged with manslaughter following Mr Hubbard's death. Cameron Hilfenhaus was concerned about the risk to his father. Anthony Sharman was a longstanding friend of Andrew Hilfenhaus. At various times all three gave different, often self-serving statements regarding the events that occurred in the minutes they had been absent the clubrooms after 7.18pm. The evidence they gave to Tasmania Police under caution in the days following these events, and on oath as a witness at this inquest differed in material respects. The manner in which Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman gave their evidence at inquest was begrudging and terse. Cameron Hilfenhaus was moved from the previous version of events given by him of what had happened to Mr Hubbard when cross examined, admitting that he had told others that Mr Hubbard had fallen from the rear of the ute and that this was in fact what he believed had occurred.⁴⁶ Much of the evidence of Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman was self-serving and improbable, for example the claim Mr Hubbard had been suffering a headache for weeks before the night of his fall. For these reasons I find that each of them, Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman, were not credible witnesses and I accept their evidence only to the extent that it is corroborated by physical evidence, the evidence of others or is evidence that is contrary to their interests.

The crash investigation

52. Senior Constable Sven Mason is an experienced crash investigator. He performs crash investigation duties on a full-time basis for Tasmania Police and has done so since January 1997. He has undertaken ongoing training since that time. Senior Constable Mason attended WUFC on 26 June 2023 at 5.00pm. He observed tyre marks along a strip of grass parallel to the driveway and in the grass behind the ticket box on the right-hand side of the driveway. He returned the following day and took measurements of the marks.
53. The tyre marks on the grass parallel to the driveway consisted of two parallel marks, 18.75 m long, with 12.9 m of that length having the appearance of a spinning tyre and commenced 9 m from the commencement of the driveway at the Amy Street end. The marks were curved and connected to the driveway at

⁴⁶ Inquest transcript page 221 and page 223.

one end, being the end closest to and heading towards the clubroom. The measurements taken of the marks were consistent with having been made by the ute under harsh acceleration.

54. Tyre marks were also in the grass further down the driveway past the gate behind the ticket box.⁴⁷ The marks were curved.
55. The measurement of the tyre marks identified on the grass strip adjacent to the driveway between the Amy Street entrance and the gate were consistent with having been caused by the ute. Andrew Hilfenhaus concedes that he drove the ute on the grass in this area and performed a skid/burnout/fishtail there for the purpose of showering Mr Hubbard and Cameron Hilfenhaus with dirt.
56. The evidence of Senior Constable Mason was that the rear left wheel of the ute when making the skid mark on the grass, connected with the bitumen driveway which would have produced a jolt.

Where did Mr Hubbard fall?

57. The evidence regarding where Mr Hubbard fell, as with the versions of how he fell, varied. At the candlelight vigil held at the WUFC Nicola Smith was told by Andrew Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman that Mr Hubbard had slipped from the rear tray of the ute whilst it was being driven between the gate and Amy Street entrance to the driveway and the skid marks were where Andrew Hilfenhaus had stopped and braked after Mr Hubbard fell.⁴⁸
58. Anthony Sharman physically identified the point at which he attended Mr Hubbard whilst he was on the ground to officers of Tasmania Police on 30 June 2023. The position he identified was in a location further up the driveway from the ticket box, past the gate toward Amy Street and was measured 55.5 m from Amy Street and 15.1 m toward Amy Street from the gate. This point is reasonably proximate to the skid marks on the grassed area parallel to the driveway.
59. At inquest Andrew Hilfenhaus marked the point of Mr Hubbard's fall as proximate to the start of the skid mark.⁴⁹ Cameron Hilfenhaus told the interviewing officers

⁴⁷ Exhibit C40D4 – Photograph marked by Senior Constable Sven Mason and Exhibit C40D – Photographs taken by Constable Dean Wotherspoon.

⁴⁸ Exhibit C10A - Affidavit of Nicola Smith sworn 29 June 2023.

⁴⁹ Exhibit C38B1 - Photo 1 marked by Andrew Hilfenhaus.

of Tasmanian Police that Mr Hubbard fell at the far end of the driveway whilst walking near the ticket box and at inquest that he fell before the skid mark but conceded it was possible he fell off whilst the ute skidded.

60. The location of the fall was sufficiently distant from the clubroom to cause Cameron Hilfenhaus to drive to the clubhouse to get Anthony Sharman and for them both to drive back to Mr Hubbard. The fall as suggested in some of the versions outlined earlier in these findings did not occur proximate to the ticket box or the playing ground. I do not accept those versions given by Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman that placed the fall closer to the ticket box and the playing ground and find they were given to disassociate the fall with the skid mark.

After the fall

61. Anthony Sharman was absent from the clubroom attending to Mr Hubbard for five minutes. In this period he claims to have got to Mr Hubbard where he was at the side of the driveway, conducted a series of tests for concussion and satisfied himself that he was fine. Anthony Sharman's assessment would have been in the dark or, at best, by phone torch light, and was perfunctory given the time it took and the conditions in which it was undertaken. Whilst as a football trainer he possessed sufficient first aid knowledge regarding the risks and signs of concussion, he was not under a legal compulsion to come to Mr Hubbard's aid. Nevertheless, he did become involved, he asserted that he had assessed Mr Hubbard as having suffered no injury in the fall. Given his level of knowledge, it is concerning that he did not make any effort to ensure that Mr Hubbard received urgent medical care.
62. I accept that Mr Hubbard was not amenable to suggestions that some made to him, like Sarah Ralph and Jamaya Porteus, that he attend hospital and that once at hospital he denied suffering a head strike and made no mention of the fall from the rear of the utility to attending medical staff or to his family. His motivation for this is unknown. It could have been a product of the head injury itself or a desire to hide what had happened for a reason or reasons not disclosed by the evidence.

Findings

63. There is physical evidence of tyre marks on the grass border to the driveway consistent with the performance of a burnout/skid/fishtail by the ute. Andrew Hilfenhaus drove the ute at the time the marks were made. The marks are curved and the mark caused by the left-hand tyre connected with the driveway suggesting that manner of driving of the ute at that time would have caused a jolt and sideways momentum.
64. Mr Hubbard was, with Cameron Hilfenhaus, standing on the back of the ute as it was being driven by Andrew Hilfenhaus from his unit toward the clubroom. Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus claim Mr Hubbard alighted from the ute before Andrew Hilfenhaus performed the burnout/skid/fishtail on the grass to the side of the driveway. I do not accept this version of events. The preponderance of the evidence places Mr Hubbard's fall part way down the driveway before the gate and in proximity to the skid marks. The suggestion that he voluntarily alighted from the rear of the ute shortly after getting on it or that he jumped from it whilst it was moving down the driveway is improbable. I do not accept as credible the evidence of Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus, nor that of Anthony Sharman in this regard.
65. Mr Hubbard rode on the passenger side of the ute. The impact on the rear of the ute as the ute was performing the burnout/skid/fishtail on the grass and then connecting with the driveway would have caused a sideways force and a jolt on anyone riding at its rear. A rider on the rear of the ute had little available by way of safe feet or hand holds to secure themselves to the vehicle. Mr Hubbard's injuries were to the left side of his head consistent with a fall onto the driveway with sideways momentum from the rear of the ute and inconsistent with a backward fall/slip. Mr Hubbard was attended to where he had fallen by Anthony Sharman at a point proximate to the skid marks on the side of the driveway. Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus gave various versions as to what had occurred but conceded that Mr Hubbard could have fallen from the back of the ute whilst Andrew Hilfenhaus performed the burnout/skid/fishtail.
66. I find that on leaving the clubroom at 7.18pm on 24 June 2023 Mr Hubbard and Cameron Hilfenhaus rode on the rear outside of the ute driven by Andrew Hilfenhaus to Andrew Hilfenhaus' unit to retrieve Cameron Hilfenhaus' pool cue.

Having retrieved the cue Mr Hubbard and Cameron Hilfenhaus again stood at the rear of the ute as Andrew Hilfenhaus drove it back down the driveway from Amy Street to the clubroom. As he did so, whilst Mr Hubbard and Cameron Hilfenhaus were still holding on to the rear, Mr Hubbard on the passenger side, Andrew Hilfenhaus drove the ute onto the grass strip to the side of the driveway between Amy Street and the gate and performed a burnout/skid/fishtail. In doing so Mr Hubbard became dislodged from the back of the ute and fell onto the driveway causing him to suffer a traumatic head injury.

Findings required by section 28(1) of the *Coroners Act 1995*

67. I make the following formal findings pursuant to section 28(1) of the *Coroners Act 1995*:

- a) The identity of the deceased is Brady James Hubbard;
- b) Mr Hubbard sustained a traumatic brain injury resulting in his death after being thrown from the rear of a utility vehicle driven by Andrew Hilfenhaus whilst the vehicle skidded in an arcing curve on grass alongside the driveway to the WUFC;
- c) Mr Hubbard's cause of death was cerebral temporal lobe uncal and cerebellar tonsillar herniation; and
- d) Mr Hubbard died on 28 June 2023 at Hobart in Tasmania.

Comments

68. A litany of flawed decisions culminated in Mr Hubbard's death. Mr Hubbard exposed himself to significant risk by opting to travel on the rear of the ute particularly noting the absence of secure foot and handholds available to him and Andrew Hilfenhaus' consumption of alcohol. Regardless of the short distance of travel intended, by standing on the back of the ute Mr Hubbard became entirely exposed and vulnerable to the decisions made by Andrew Hilfenhaus and the way he drove the ute.

69. The decision by Andrew Hilfenhaus to drive the ute after having drunk a "*couple of beers*",⁵⁰ whilst Mr Hubbard and his son Cameron Hilfenhaus rode unsecured at the rear was flawed as was his decision to drive the ute in such a manner as to create an arcing skid mark on the grass adjacent to and connecting with the driveway whilst Mr Hubbard and Cameron Hilfenhaus were hanging on at the rear of the vehicle.
70. The decision not to ensure Mr Hubbard accessed appropriate medical attention either by calling an ambulance or taking him to the emergency department of a hospital was also flawed. The fear that he would be charged with manslaughter may have overridden Andrew Hilfenhaus' care and concern for Mr Hubbard. Cameron Hilfenhaus shared the fear that his father would again be in trouble with the law. Why Anthony Sharman did not adhere to his first aid and football trainer training and failed to act on the severity of Mr Hubbard's condition after the fall was not disclosed by the evidence beyond him being a friend of Andrew Hilfenhaus.
71. Whilst Mr Hubbard is said to have rebuffed all suggestions of going to hospital or having an ambulance attend, he was clearly in some distress. An ambulance ought to have been called. A paramedic from Ambulance Tasmania or an emergency department doctor would have been in a much better position to assess Mr Hubbard, treat him or review his capacity to decline treatment and to provide him with information to ensure any decision he made declining treatment was fully informed. At the very least his parents ought to have been informed so that they could have been alerted to the need to monitor his condition after he returned home.
72. The decision by Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman, to fail to tell others, those present at the clubrooms and his parents, what had befallen Mr Hubbard, that he had fallen and struck his head on the driveway, was a serious omission. Whilst it was clearly evident to all those present that Mr Hubbard had dramatically changed from when he had left with the Hilfenhaus' to when he returned, the absence of knowledge of those present, other than Andrew and Cameron Hilfenhaus and Anthony Sharman of what had actually occurred, deprived them of the understanding that he was in need of medical

⁵⁰ Exhibit C45B – Police Record of Interview Andrew Hilfenhaus: Transcript page 12.

attention or at the very minimum close supervision, assistance home and his parents informed.

73. The circumstances of Mr Hubbard's death are a reminder that a strike to the head can give rise to the delayed onset of symptoms of a life changing or life ending head injury and ought to be treated seriously by accessing medical care at the time it is sustained. A precautionary approach is warranted. Mr Hubbard's death was entirely preventable and was a loss of a promising young man.
74. The standard of proof of facts in a criminal proceeding is beyond a reasonable doubt and is a higher standard of proof than is required by a coronial finding of fact. Andrew Hilfenhaus was charged with and pleaded guilty to driving a motor vehicle with a passenger in or on part of a vehicle not designed primarily for the carriage of passengers or goods contrary to rule 268(4A) *Road Rules* 2019, consistent with his admission that he had driven with Mr Hubbard and Cameron Hilfenhaus on the rear of the ute on Amy Street.
75. He is yet to be sentenced regarding this matter.
76. I do not make any recommendations relevant to Mr Hubbard's death.
77. I convey my sincere condolences to Mr Hubbard's family.

Dated: 15 July 2026 at Hobart in the State of Tasmania.

Leigh Mackey
Coroner

Annexure A

No.	EXHIBIT	NAME OF WITNESS
C1	Report Of Death	Constable Chelsea BECKER Tasmania Police
C2	Hospital Report of Death	Tasmanian Health Service
C3	Affidavit of Identification	Constable James BLAY Tasmania Police
C4A C4B	Post-mortem / Interim Report Post-mortem Interim Post-mortem	Dr Andrew REID Office of the State Forensic Pathologist
C5A C5B C5C	Toxicology Report Laboratory Report 26.7.23 HUBBARD Laboratory Report 03.08.23 HUBBARD Laboratory Report 11.08.23 A HILFENHAUS	Mr. Neil McLACHLAN-TROUP Forensic Science Service Tasmania
C6A C6B	Hospital Medical Records Royal Hobart Hospital North West Regional Hospital	Tasmanian Health Service
C7	Medical Records	Wynyard Medical Centre
C8A C8B	Affidavits Affidavit 06.07.23 Affidavit 01.09.23	Ms. Rikki-Lee HODGETTS Mother of Brady Hubbard
C9	Affidavit	Mr. Clayton HODGETTS Uncle of Brady Hubbard
C10A C10B C10C	Affidavits and Photos Affidavit 29.06.23 Affidavit 15.08.23 Photographs	Ms. Nicola SMITH Friend of Brady Hubbard
C11	Affidavit	Mr. Benjamin WINTON Member of West Ulverstone Football Club
C12	Statutory Declaration	Ms. Maddison WINTON-HAYES Acquittance of Brady Hubbard
C13	Affidavit	Ms. Bianca DYKSTRA Employee of West Ulverstone Football Club
C14	Statutory Declaration	Ms. Tammy BANFIELD Treasurer of the West Ulverstone Football Club
C15	Statutory Declaration	Ms. Karinda BRIMFIELD Present at West Ulverstone Football Club
C16 C16A	Statutory Declaration Photos – Screenshots from group chat	Mr. Nathan MURISON Coach with West Ulverstone Football Club

C17	Affidavit	Ms. Kayla WYLIE Match Manager/ Member of West Ulverstone Football Club
C18	Affidavit	Mr. Hayden THOMPSON Captain of West Ulverstone Seniors Team
C19	Affidavit	Mr. Jamie COLLINS Member of West Ulverstone Football Club
C20	Affidavit	Mr. Jesse FRENCH Member of West Ulverstone Football Club
C21	Statutory Declaration	Mr. Jason WYLIE Member of West Ulverstone Football Club
C22	Affidavit	Mr. Michael HALL Bench Coach for West Ulverstone Football Club
C23	Affidavit	Mr. Kayden McCULLOCH-KING Member of West Ulverstone Football Club
C24	Affidavit	Mr. Corey MANSSON Member of West Ulverstone Football Club
C25	Affidavit	Mr. Jonathon BRIMFIELD Member of West Ulverstone Football Club
C26	Affidavit	Mr. Scott BROWN Member of West Ulverstone Football Club
C27	Affidavit	Miss. Sarah RALPH Friend of Brady Hubbard
C28	Affidavit	Miss Jamaya PORTEUS Friend of Brady Hubbard
C29	Affidavit	Mr. Connor CRISP Colleague of Brady HUBBARD
C30	Affidavit	Mr. Russ WHITEHOUSE Colleague of Brady HUBBARD
C31	Affidavit and Annexure	Ms. Rebecca DOYLE Court Diversion Officer – Community Corrections
C32	Email	Mr. Barry GABY AFL Tasmania Regional Manager - North West
C33	Affidavit	Inspector Anthea MAINGAY Tasmania Police
C34A C34B	Affidavit and Club House Footage Affidavit Footage	Senior Constable David FITZGERALD Tasmania Police
C35A C35B C35C	Affidavits and Intercept Results Affidavit 28.1.2024 Affidavit – Telecommunications Intercept Intercept Results	Sergeant Nigel SHEAHEN Tasmania Police

C36	Affidavit	Senior Constable Haydn BARNARD Tasmania Police
C37	Statutory Declaration	Senior Constable Damian HOWDEN Tasmania Police
C38A C38B C38B1	Affidavit and Photographs Affidavit Photographs Photograph marked by Andrew Hilfenhaus	Senior Constable Sven MASON Tasmania Police
C39A C39B C39B1	Affidavit and Photographs Affidavit Photographs Photograph marked by Snr Cst Sven Mason	Constable Robert OBERRAUTER Tasmania Police
C40A C40B C40C C40D C40D1 C40D2 C40D3 C40D4	Affidavit, Photographs and Drone Footage Affidavit Photographs Drone Footage Photographs – large scale Photograph marked by Anthony Sharman Photograph marked by Cameron Hilfenhaus Photograph marked by Andrew Hilfenhaus Photograph marked by Snr Cst Sven Mason	First Class Constable Dean WOTHERSPOON Tasmania Police
C41	Affidavit	Caleb DAVIES Transport Safety and Investigation Officer – Department of State Growth
C42	Phone Records HUBBARD	Tasmania Police
C43A C43B C43C C43D C43E C43F C43G	CCTV Footage West Ulverstone Football Club 4pm – 5pm 5pm – 6pm 6pm – 7pm 7pm – 8pm 8pm – 9pm Footage from bar Footage from bar - wide angle	Tasmania Police
C44	Scene Walk Through	Tasmania Police
C45A C45B	Interview – A Hilfenhaus Interview video footage Transcript	Tasmania Police
C46A C46B	Interview - C Hilfenhaus Interview video footage Transcript	Tasmania Police

C47A C47B	Interview - A Sharman Interview video footage Transcript	Tasmania Police
C48	Complaint Details – A Hilfenhaus	Tasmania Police
C49	Prior Record of Conviction – A Hilfenhaus	Tasmania Police